

Package ‘taxotools’

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Description Taxonomic lists matching and merging, casting and melting scientific names, managing taxonomic lists from Global Biodiversity Information Facility 'GBIF' or Integrated Taxonomic Information System 'ITIS', harvesting names from Wikipedia and fuzzy matching.

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build_gen_syn	<i>Build genus level synonyms</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Build a genus level synonym list from master list.

Usage

```
build_gen_syn(dat)
```

Arguments

dat	master list
-----	-------------

Details

This genus level synonym list is generated for passing on to get_accepted_names function as a parameter

Value

data frame with genus level synonyms with two columns viz. Valid_genus and Original_Genus

See Also

Other Name functions: [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
master <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7),
  "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
    "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
    "Pseudonotis humboldti",
    "Myrina ancharia ancharia",
    "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa",
    "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
    "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
  "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
    "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
    "Lycaenidae"),
  "accid" = c(0,1,1,0,0,0,0),
  "source" = c("itis", "itis", "wiki", "wiki", "itis",
    "itis", "itis"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
gen_syn <- build_gen_syn(master)
```

 cast_canonical

Construct canonical names

Description

Construct canonical names using Genus, Species and Subspecies fields. At times due to spaces or NAs in the data fields, it makes it tricky to generate canonical names.

Usage

```
cast_canonical(
  dat,
  canonical = "canonical",
  genus = "",
  species = "",
  subspecies = "",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

dat	data frame containing taxonomic list
canonical	field name for canonical names. Default 'canonical'
genus	field name for Genus field
species	field name for Species field
subspecies	field name for Subspecies field
verbose	verbose output, Default: FALSE

Value

a data frame containing Canonical names field added or repopulated using filed names for Genus, Species and Subspecies specified in parameters

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mylist <- data.frame("genus" = c("Acodon", "Akodon", "Abrothrix", "Abeomelomys"),
                    "species" = c("jelskii", "longipilis", "longipilis", "sevia"),
                    "subspecies" = c("pyrrhotis", "castaneus", "", NA))
cast_canonical(mylist, "canonical", "genus", "species", "subspecies")
```

cast_cs_field

Build a character (comma) separated List within field

Description

Builds a character (comma) separated list within a field given a data frame with primary field repeating values and secondary field with values to be character separated in the same field (secondary)

Usage

```
cast_cs_field(
  data,
  pri,
  sec,
  duplicate = FALSE,
  sepchar = ",",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data	data frame containing primary and secondary data columns
pri	Primary field name (repeating values)
sec	Secondary field (values would be added to same record, comma separated)
duplicate	If true, duplicate entries are allowed in secondary field
sepchar	Character separator between the data items. Default is comma
verbose	verbose output, Default: FALSE

Value

a data frame with two fields Primary and secondary (comma separated list)

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```
scnames <- c("Abrothrix longipilis", "Abrothrix jelskii")
SynList <- list_itis_syn(scnames)
cast_cs_field(SynList, "canonical", "synonym")
```

cast_scientificname *Cast scientific name using taxonomic fields*

Description

Combine scientific names using Genus, Species, Subspecies, Author etc.

Usage

```
cast_scientificname(
  dat = NULL,
  sciname = "scientificname",
  genus = "",
  subgenus = "",
  species = "",
  subspecies = "",
  author = "",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

dat	data frame containing taxonomic data
sciname	column name for scientific names, Default: 'scientificname'
genus	column name for genus, Default: 'genus'
subgenus	column name for subgenus, Default: ''
species	column name for species, Default: 'species'
subspecies	column name for subspecies, Default: 'subspecies'
author	column name for author, Default: 'author'
verbose	verbose output, Default: FALSE

Details

Helpful function to break down Scientific names into Genus, Subgenus, species, Subspecies, Author so that the names can be constructed into canonical names for matching

Value

data frame with additional columns for taxonomic fields

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mylist <- data.frame("id" = c(11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19),
  "genus" = c("Hypochlorosis","Hypochlorosis","Hypochlorosis",
    "Myrina","Hypochlorosis","Hypochlorosis",
    "Hypochlorosis","Seuku","Sithon"),
  "subgenus" = c("", "", "", "", "", "", "", "(Pseudonotis)", "", ""),
  "species" = c("ancharia","ancharia","ancharia",
    "lorquini", "ancharia", "ancharia",
    "metilia", "emlongi", "lorquini"),
  "subspecies" = c("", "ancharia", "humboldti",
    "", "tenebrosa", "tenebrosa",
    "", "", ""),
  "author" = c("(Hewitson, 1869)", "(Hewitson, 1869)", "Druce, 1894",
    "C. & R. Felder, 1865", "Rothschild, 1915",
    "Rothschild, 1915", "Fruhstorfer, 1908",
    "(Domning et al., 1986)", ""),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

cast_scientificname(mylist,genus = "genus", subgenus = "subgenus",
  species = "species", subspecies = "subspecies",
  author = "author")
```

check_scientific	<i>Parse and resolve a scientific name string</i>
------------------	---

Description

Parse the name using Global Names Resolver 'GNR' and Global Biodiversity Information Facility 'GBIF' parse API to make sure the name is scientific name

Usage

```
check_scientific(name)
```

Arguments

name	scientific name string to be checked
------	--------------------------------------

Value

Resolved canonical name (NULL if not matched)

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
check_scientific("Akodon longipilis (Waterhouse, 1837)")
check_scientific("Mus longipilis Waterhouse, 1837")
check_scientific("Akodon herskovitzi Patterson, Gallardo, and Freas, 1984")
```

compact_ids	<i>compact id numbers</i>
-------------	---------------------------

Description

Compacting and converting the id values to numeric if required to make sure dependent functions work well

Usage

```
compact_ids(dat, id = "id", accid = "accid", startid = 1, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dat	taxonomic list in a data frame with id and accid columns
id	column name for 'id'. Default 'id'
accid	column name for 'accid'. Default 'accid'
startid	starting id number for the list. Default 1
verbose	verbose output on the console

Details

Helper function to make sure values for ids are in right format and are compact

Value

returns data frame

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mylist <- data.frame("id" = c("1","2","3","4","5"),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                     "Myrina ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                     "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae"),
                    "accid" = c("0","1","1","0","0"),
                    "source" = c("itis","wiki","wiki","itis",
                                   "itis"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

```
mylist_c <- compact_ids(mylist)
```

```
mylist_c <- compact_ids(mylist,startid=1001)
```

```
mylist <- data.frame("id" = c(11,12,13,14,15),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                     "Myrina ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                     "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae"),
```



```

        "Lycaenidae"),
    "accid" = c(0,11,11,0,0),
    "source" = c("itis","wiki","wiki","itis",
                "itis"),
    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

mylist_c <- compact_ids(mylist)

```

DwC2taxo

Darwin Core to Taxolist format

Description

Converts a Darwin Core name list to taxolist format

Usage

```
DwC2taxo(namelist, statuslist = NA, source = NA)
```

Arguments

namelist	names list in Darwin Core format
statuslist	vector listing taxonomicStatus to be considered in the namelist. If Default value is NA, automatically uses list of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted • Synonym • Valid • heterotypic Synonym • homotypic Synonym • doubtful, • proparte synonym
source	source of the namelist i.e. Global Biodiversity Information Facility 'GBIF' or Integrated Taxonomic Information System 'ITIS'. Default NA

Details

The name lists downloaded from 'GBIF' or 'ITIS' website in Darwin Core (DwC) format has all the required fields for taxolist. The list just needs to be converted to taxolist by renaming column names and and quality checked in terms of missing synonym to accepted name linkages at times.

Value

names list is taxolist format

See Also

Other List functions: `cast_cs_field()`, `compact_ids()`, `get_synonyms()`, `match_lists()`, `melt_cs_field()`, `merge_lists()`, `syn2taxo()`, `synonymize_subspecies()`, `taxo2DwC()`, `taxo2doc()`, `taxo2syn()`, `wiki2taxo()`

Examples

```
dwclist <- data.frame("taxonKey" = c("5129025", "6224429", "1896957"),
  "scientificName" = c("Charaxes solon Fabricius, 1793",
    "Papilio jason Linnaeus, 1767",
    "Charaxes jasius (Linnaeus, 1767)"),
  "acceptedTaxonKey" = c("5129025", "1896957", "1896957"),
  "acceptedScientificName" = c("Charaxes solon Fabricius, 1793",
    "Charaxes jasius (Linnaeus, 1767)",
    "Charaxes jasius (Linnaeus, 1767)"),
  "taxonRank" = c("SPECIES", "SPECIES", "SPECIES"),
  "taxonomicStatus" = c("ACCEPTED", "SYNONYM", "ACCEPTED"),
  "family" = c("Nymphalidae", "Nymphalidae", "Nymphalidae"),
  "order" = c("Lepidoptera", "Lepidoptera", "Lepidoptera"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

mytaxo <- DwC2taxo(dwclist)
```

expand_name

Expands Scientific name

Description

At times the genus is specified with first character and '.' rather than repeating genus names every time. These are either synonyms or species of the same genus listed one below another. To convert these names to canonical names, we need to expand the genus name (typically) using previous entry in the list.

Usage

```
expand_name(fullname, shortname)
```

Arguments

fullname	full scientific name
shortname	scientific name with short form genus name to expand the Genus

Value

scientific name with Genus expanded using reference name provided as parameter

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
expand_name("Addax gibbosa", "A. mytilopes")
expand_name("Oryx addax", "O. nasomaculatus")
```

get_accepted_names	<i>get_accepted_names</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

Match namelist with master and fetch the accepted names using the linkages provided within the data

Usage

```
get_accepted_names(  
  namelist,  
  master,  
  gen_syn = NA,  
  namelookup = NA,  
  mastersource = NA,  
  match_higher = FALSE,  
  fuzzymatch = TRUE,  
  fuzzydist = 2,  
  canonical = NA,  
  genus = NA,  
  species = NA,  
  subspecies = NA,  
  prefix = "",  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

namelist	data frame of the list of names to be resolved. Must contain either column canonical containing binomial or trinomial name without spp. and var. etc. or may contain columns for genus, species and subspecies (any sub-specific unit) and the names of the columns are passed as subsequent parameters.
----------	--

master	data frame with required columns id, canonical and accid. Other columns like order, family are optional. Column id is typically running ids for each record and accid will contain 0 if the name is currently accepted name and id number of accepted name in case the name is a synonym. Column canonical contains binomial or trinomial without spp. var. etc.
gen_syn	data frame with columns Original_Genus and Valid_Genus where Original_genus is synonym and valid_genus is one present in the master. Default: NA when gen_syn is not used.
namelookup	Lookup data frame for names where some names might need manual lookup. The columns required are binomial and validname where binomial is new name and validname is present in the master. Default: NA when namelookup is not used.
mastersource	vector of sources to be used for assignment with priority
match_higher	match genus and family names present in canonical field
fuzzymatch	attempt fuzzy matching or not. Default: TRUE
fuzzydist	fuzzy distance while matching. Default : 2
canonical	column containing names to be resolved to accepted names , Default: NA when columns for genus and species are specified.
genus	column containing genus names to be resolved to accepted names and typically accompanied by species and subspecies columns, Default: NA when canonical parameter is supplied.
species	column containing species names to be resolved to accepted names and is accompanied by genus, Default: NA
subspecies	column containing species names to be resolved to accepted names and is accompanied by genus and species, Default: NA
prefix	to be added to all the return fields
verbose	display process messages, Default: TRUE

Details

Name resolution methods:

direct - was a direct match with name or a synonym

direct2 - was a direct match with name or a synonym in non mastersource

fuzzy - used fuzzy matching

gensyn - genus substitution with known genus level synonyms

lookup - Manual lookup in earlier processing

sppdrop - subspecies was dropped

sub2sp - subspecies elevated to species

genus - genus was matched

family - family was matched

NA - could not be resolved

Note: Make sure all the data frames have same character encoding to prevent errors.

Value

data frame containing all the original columns with following additional columns:

accepted_name - Accepted name present in the master. NA is not resolved

method - method used to resolve the name. See details for explanation of each method

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```

master <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                     "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                     "Myrina ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                     "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae"),
                    "accid" = c(0,1,1,1,0,0,0),
                    "source" = c("itis", "itis", "wiki", "wiki", "itis",
                                   "itis", "itis"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

mylist <- data.frame("id"= c(11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19),
                    "scname" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                   "Hypochlorosis ancharii",
                                   "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                   "Pseudonotis humboldtii",
                                   "Abrothrix longipilis",
                                   "Myrinana anchariana",
                                   "Hypochlorosis ancharia ancharia",
                                   "Myrina lorquini",
                                   "Sithon lorquini"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

res <- get_accepted_names(namelist = mylist,
                          master=master,
                          canonical = "scname")

gen_syn_list <- data.frame("Original_Genus"=c("Pseudonotis",
                                              "Myrina"),
                          "Valid_Genus"=c("Hypochlorosis",
                                           "Hypochlorosis"),
                          stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

```

```

res <- get_accepted_names(namelist = mylist,
                          master=master,
                          gen_syn = gen_syn_list,
                          canonical = "scname")

lookup_list <- data.frame("binomial"=c("Sithon lorquinii",
                                       "Hypochlorosis humboldti"),
                          "validname"=c("Hypochlorosis lorquinii",
                                       "Hypochlorosis lorquinii"),
                          stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

res <- get_accepted_names(namelist = mylist,
                          master=master,
                          gen_syn = gen_syn_list,
                          namelookup = lookup_list,
                          canonical = "scname")

mylist_s <- melt_canonical(mylist,canonical = "scname",
                           genus = "genus",
                           species = "species",
                           subspecies = "subspecies")

res <- get_accepted_names(namelist = mylist_s,
                          master=master,
                          gen_syn = gen_syn_list,
                          namelookup = lookup_list,
                          genus = "genus",
                          species = "species",
                          subspecies = "subspecies")

res <- get_accepted_names(namelist = mylist_s,
                          master=master,
                          gen_syn = gen_syn_list,
                          namelookup = lookup_list,
                          mastersource = c("itis"),
                          genus = "genus",
                          species = "species",
                          subspecies = "subspecies")

mylist <- data.frame("id"= c(11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18),
                    "scname" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                  "Hypochlorosis ancharii",
                                  "Hypochlorosis",
                                  "Pseudonotis",
                                  "Lycaenidae",
                                  "Pseudonotis humboldtii",
                                  "Abrothrix longipilis",
                                  "Myrinana anchariana"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

res <- get_accepted_names(namelist = mylist,
                          master=master,

```

```
match_higher = TRUE,
canonical = "sname")
```

get_itis_syn	<i>Get Integrated Taxonomic Information System 'ITIS' Synonyms for a Scientific Name</i>
--------------	--

Description

Fetch Synonyms using Integrated Taxonomic Information System 'ITIS' web service

Usage

```
get_itis_syn(sname)
```

Arguments

sname	Scientific Name
-------	-----------------

Value

a list containing synonyms

See Also

Other ITIS functions: [list_itis_syn\(\)](#)

Examples

```
get_itis_syn("Abrothrix longipilis")
get_itis_syn("Abditomys latidens")
```

get_synonyms	<i>get synonyms</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

get all the synonyms from the master list for the names in the checklist

Usage

```
get_synonyms(master = NULL, checklist = NULL, commasep = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

master	master list of names (taxolist)
checklist	list of names to be processed (taxolist)
commasep	return list should be comma separated list or each synonym on its own row. Default false
verbose	verbose output on the console

Value

Data frame with names from the checklist and their synonyms present in the master list

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```

master <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                     "Myrina ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                     "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae"),
                    "accid" = c(0,1,1,0,0),
                    "source" = c("itis","wiki","wiki","itis",
                                   "itis"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
checklist <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3),
                       "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                         "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                         "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa"),
                       "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae"),
                       "accid" = c(0,1,0),
                       "source" = c("itis","itis","itis"),
                       stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

get_synonyms(master,checklist,commasep=FALSE)
get_synonyms(master,checklist,commasep=TRUE)

```

guess_taxo_rank	<i>Guess the taxonomic rank of Scientific Name</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Guesses the taxonomic rank i.e. Genus, Species or Subspecies based on number of words

Usage

```
guess_taxo_rank(name)
```

Arguments

name	scientific name string to be checked
------	--------------------------------------

Value

"Genus or above" = single word

"Species" = two words

"Subspecies" = three words

"Unknown" = zero or more than three words

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
guess_taxo_rank("")
guess_taxo_rank("Akodon longipilis")
guess_taxo_rank("Akodon")
guess_taxo_rank("Abrocoma cinerea shistacea")
guess_taxo_rank("Abrocoma cinerea shistacea shistacea")
```

list_higher_taxo	<i>Get higher taxonomy data for list of names</i>
------------------	---

Description

Retrieve higher taxonomy information (like Family and Order) for each record from the "Encyclopedia of Life" web API.

Usage

```
list_higher_taxo(
  indf,
  canonical,
  genus = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  progress = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

indf	input data frame containing taxonomic list
canonical	field name containing scientific names
genus	If TRUE, use only genus level data to get taxonomy
verbose	If TRUE, displays each name string for which the higher taxonomy is sought
progress	If TRUE prints progress bar and messages on the console.

Details

This function makes use of certain functions in the [taxize](#) package. It scans and retrieves the taxonomic hierarchy for each scientific name (or just genus name) in the data set. When new data are retrieved, they are stored in a local sqlite database, `taxo.db`, for faster further access.

Value

data frame with added / updated columns

"Kingdom" Kingdom of the Scientific name

"Phylum" Phylum of the Scientific name

"Order_" Order of the Scientific name

"Family" Family of the Scientific name

"Genus" Genus of the Scientific name

and also saves a local copy of taxonomy downloaded for future use in 'taxo.db' sqlite file

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
mylist <- data.frame("canonical" = c("Abrothrix longipilis",
                                   "Mus longipilis",
                                   "Abrothrix jelskii",
                                   "Cardinalis cardinalis",
                                   "Danaus plexippus"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

my_taxo_list <- list_higher_taxo(mylist, "canonical")

## End(Not run)
```

`list_itis_syn`*Get ITIS Synonyms for list of names*

Description

Fetch Synonyms from Integrated Taxonomic Information System 'ITIS'

Usage

```
list_itis_syn(namelist)
```

Arguments

namelist list of scientific names

Value

a data frame containing canonical names (passed) and synonyms

See Also

Other ITIS functions: [get_itis_syn\(\)](#)

Examples

```
list_itis_syn("Abrothrix longipilis")
list_itis_syn(c("Abditomys latidens", "Abeomelomys sevia", "Abrothrix jelskii" ))
```

list_wiki_syn	<i>Get Wikipedia Synonyms for list of names</i>
---------------	---

Description

Fetch Synonyms from Wikipedia and clean them for use

Usage

```
list_wiki_syn(namelist, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

namelist	list of scientific names
verbose	status output. Default TRUE

Value

a data frame containing names, synonyms and Canonical synonyms matched with is scientific name backbone taxonomy

Name : Scientific name

WikiName : Wikipedia page name

OrigSyn : Original synonym returned by Wikipedia

Syn : Synonym in canonical form, matched with GBIF

Examples

```
list_wiki_syn("Abrothrix illutea")
list_wiki_syn(c("Abditomys latidens", "Abeomelomys sevia",
               "Abrocoma schistacea"))
```

match_lists	<i>match two taxonomic lists</i>
-------------	----------------------------------

Description

match two taxonomic lists using canonical names

Usage

```
match_lists(master, checklist, masterfld, checklistfld)
```

Arguments

master	master taxonomic list
checklist	match taxonomic list
masterfld	field name for canonical name in master list
checklistfld	field name for canonical name in match list

Value

a list with data frames containing matched records, records only in master and checklist and statistics about the records including Jaccard index

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```

master <- data.frame("canonical" = c("Abrothrix longipilis",
                                   "Acodon hirtus",
                                   "Akodon longipilis apta",
                                   "Akodon longipilis castaneus",
                                   "Chroeomys jelskii",
                                   "Acodon jelskii pyrrhotis"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
checklist <- data.frame("canonical" = c("Abrothrix longipilis",
                                       "Akodon longipilis apta",
                                       "Akodon longipilis castaneus",
                                       "Abrothrix jelskii",
                                       "Acodon jelskii pyrrhotis"),
                       stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
match_lists(master, checklist, "canonical", "canonical")

```

melt_canonical

Deconstruct canonical names

Description

Deconstruct canonical names into Genus, Species and Subspecies fields

Usage

```
melt_canonical(
  dat,
  canonical = "",
  genus = "",
  species = "",
  subspecies = "",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

dat	data frame containing taxonomic list
canonical	field name for canonical names
genus	field name for Genus
species	field name for Species
subspecies	field name for Subspecies
verbose	verbose output, Default: FALSE

Value

a data frame containing Genus, Species and Subspecies fields added or repopulated using data in canonical name field. If unable to parse the name Genus, Species and Subspecies fields will have NA.

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mylist <- data.frame("canonical" = c("Abrothrix longipilis",
  "Acodon hirtus",
  "Akodon longipilis apta",
  "AKODON LONGIPILIS CASTANEUS",
  "Chroeomys jelskii",
  "Acodon jelskii pyrrhotis"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
melt_canonical(mylist,"canonical","genus","species","subspecies")
```

melt_cs_field	<i>Generate a list melting character (comma) separated field values into multiple records</i>
---------------	---

Description

Builds a list, melting character (comma) separated field values given a data frame with a field with repeating values

Usage

```
melt_cs_field(data, melt, sepchar = ",", verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	data frame containing a data columns with character(comma) separated values
melt	Field name with character(comma) separated values
sepchar	Character separator between the data items. Default is comma
verbose	verbose output, Default: FALSE

Value

a data frame with separate records for each value in field specified

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```
scnames <- c("Abrothrix longipilis", "Abrothrix jelskii")
syn_list <- list_itis_syn(scnames)
cs_syn_list <- cast_cs_field(syn_list, "Name", "Syn")
syn_list_new <- melt_cs_field(cs_syn_list, "Syn")
```

melt_scientificname *Melt scientific name into fields*

Description

Parse scientific names into Genus, Species, Subspecies, Author etc.

Usage

```
melt_scientificname(
  dat,
  sciname = "",
  genus = "genus",
  subgenus = "subgenus",
  species = "species",
  subspecies = "subspecies",
  author = "author",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

dat	data frame containing scientific names
sciname	column name for scientific names, Default: ''
genus	column name for genus, Default: 'genus'
subgenus	column name for subgenus, Default: 'subgenus'
species	column name for species, Default: 'species'
subspecies	column name for subspecies, Default: 'subspecies'
author	column name for author, Default: 'author'
verbose	verbose output, Default: FALSE

Details

Helpful function to break down Scientific names into Genus, Subgenus, species, Subspecies, Author so that the names can be constructed into canonical names for matching

Value

data frame with additional columns for taxonomic fields

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mylist <- data.frame("id"= c(11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19),
                    "sname" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia (Hewitson, 1869)",
                                "Hypochlorosis ancharia ssp. ancharia (Hewitson, 1869)",
                                "Hypochlorosis ancharia ssp. humboldti Druce, 1894",
                                "Myrina lorquinii C. & R. Felder, 1865",
                                "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa Rothschild, 1915",
                                "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa Rothschild, 1915",
                                "Hypochlorosis (Pseudonotis) metilia Fruhstorfer, 1908",
                                "Seuku emlongi (Domning et al., 1986)",
                                "Sithon lorquinii"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

melt_scientificname(mylist, sciname="sname", genus="genus",
                   subgenus="subgenus", species="species", subspecies="subspecies",
                   author="author")
```

merge_lists	<i>merge two lists of names</i>
-------------	---------------------------------

Description

Useful in generating a master list of names from multiple sources

Usage

```
merge_lists(master = NULL, checklist = NULL, output = "all", verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

master	master list of names
checklist	list to be merged
output	data returned by the function, one of the five options all, onlyadd, add, merged, new or multi. Default all
verbose	verbose output on the console

Details

Matches names in checklist with names on master and returns following data:

all = orig + add + new + multi: all the data

onlyadd = add : returns records from checklist that match with master

add = orig + add : returns all records from master + matched records from checklist

merged = orig + add + new : returns all records from master + matched records from checklist + new taxon from checklist

new = returns only new taxon entities that did not match with master
multi = taxon from checklist for which two synonyms matched with two different accepted names in master

Value

Data frame with addition column `merge_tag`. The `merge_tag` contains four possible values.

orig - names in the master
add - checklist names that matched using synonym linkages including direct matches
new - checklist names that did NOT match with master. Potentially new taxa
multi - taxon from checklist for which two synonyms matched with two different accepted names in master

See Also

Other List functions: `DwC2taxo()`, `cast_cs_field()`, `compact_ids()`, `get_synonyms()`, `match_lists()`, `melt_cs_field()`, `syn2taxo()`, `synonymize_subspecies()`, `taxo2DwC()`, `taxo2doc()`, `taxo2syn()`, `wiki2taxo()`

Examples

```
master <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                    "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                    "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae"),
                    "accid" = c(0,1,0),
                    "source" = c("itis","itis","itis"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

checklist <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5),
                       "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                       "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                       "Myrina ancharia",
                                       "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                       "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                       "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                    "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                    "Lycaenidae"),
                       "accid" = c(0,1,1,0,0),
                       "source" = c("itis","wiki","wiki","itis",
                                    "itis"),
                       stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

merged_all <- merge_lists(master,checklist,output="all")
new_taxa <- merge_lists(master,checklist,output="new")
merged_with_new <- merge_lists(master,checklist,output="merged")
merged_add <- merge_lists(master,checklist,output="add")
multi_linked <- merge_lists(master,checklist,output="multi")
```

resolve_names	<i>Resolve canonical names against GNA</i>
---------------	--

Description

Resolve names against Global Names Architecture (GNA) to make sure the name exists

Usage

```
resolve_names(  
  taxolist,  
  sciname = "canonical",  
  score_threshold = 0.98,  
  best_match_only = TRUE,  
  add_fields = NA,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

taxolist	(data frame) taxonomic list
sciname	() column name for scientific names
score_threshold	(numeric) to make sure names match as desired. Default (0.98) Higher value indicates best match, lower values would return matches at genus level
best_match_only	(logical) If TRUE, best match only returned else return all records returned by GNA. Default: TRUE
add_fields	(character) One of NA (default) , minimal or all. NA adds a logical column 'resolved', Minimal gives back just four fields, whereas all gives all fields back.
verbose	(logical) verbose output, Default: FALSE

Value

(data frame) names list resolves

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [taxo_fuzzy_match\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mylist <- data.frame("canonical" = c("Abrothrix longipilis",
                                   "Acodon hirtus",
                                   "Akodon longipilis apta",
                                   "AKODON LONGIPILIS CASTANEUS",
                                   "Chroeomys jelskii",
                                   "Acodon jelskii pyrrhotis"),
                   stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
test <- resolve_names(mylist)
test1 <- resolve_names(mylist,add_fields = "minimal")
test2 <- resolve_names(mylist,best_match_only = FALSE,add_fields = "minimal")
test3 <- resolve_names(mylist,best_match_only = FALSE,add_fields = "all")
```

syn2taxo

Synonym list to taxolist

Description

Converts a Synonym list with Accepted Names and Synonym columns to taxolist format

Usage

```
syn2taxo(synlist, canonical = "canonical", synonym = "synonym")
```

Arguments

synlist	Synonym list with Accepted name (canonical) and Synonym columns
canonical	Accepted names column name, Default: 'canonical'
synonym	Synonym column name , Default: 'synonym'

Details

Converts a synonyms list to taxolist format. If order and family fields are present, then they are carried forward else NAs are populated. Duplicate synonyms with same source are removed but with different sources are retained.

Value

returns a data frame in taxolist format with all the names in canonical column and accepted names linked to synonyms using id and accid fields. Order, family and (guessed) taxonlevel are added if missing. Genus, species and subspecies fields are added by melting the canonical names.

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```
synlist <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia"),
                    "synonym" = c("Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                   "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                   "Myrina ancharia"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae"),
                    "source" = c("itis","wiki","wiki"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

mytaxo <- syn2taxo(synlist)
```

synonymize_subspecies *Convert all subspecies into synonyms of the species*

Description

used in generating master lists

Usage

```
synonymize_subspecies(master, return_unmatched = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

master	List of names with a field named canonical
return_unmatched	If the return values should be unmatched (orphan) subspecies records. Default: FALSE
verbose	display process messages, Default: TRUE

Details

While dealing with taxonomic names only at species level, to take advantage of sub-specific names already available in the lists are sometimes treated as synonyms of the names at species rank. To convert all the subspecies names as synonyms this function is very handy. This function will add id, accid and taxonrank columns to return data if missing from original data.

Value

Same list of names with id and accid fields added (or data updated the fields exists) with all sub-species linked to the species names as synonyms

See Also

Other List functions: `DwC2taxo()`, `cast_cs_field()`, `compact_ids()`, `get_synonyms()`, `match_lists()`, `melt_cs_field()`, `merge_lists()`, `syn2taxo()`, `taxo2DwC()`, `taxo2doc()`, `taxo2syn()`, `wiki2taxo()`

Examples

```
master <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7),
  "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
    "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
    "Pseudonotis humboldti",
    "Myrina ancharia ancharia",
    "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa",
    "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
    "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
  "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
    "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
    "Lycaenidae"),
  "accid" = c(0,1,1,0,0,0,0),
  "source" = c("itis", "itis", "wiki", "wiki", "itis",
    "itis", "itis"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

synonymize_subspecies(master)
synonymize_subspecies(master, return_unmatched = TRUE)
```

taxo2doc

Taxolist to document

Description

Converts a taxolist to a formatted document in html, pdf or word document

Usage

```
taxo2doc(
  taxolist = NULL,
  genus = NA,
  family = NA,
  title = "",
  addsource = TRUE,
  mastersource = "",
  duplicatesyn = TRUE,
  sourcecol = c("black", "blue"),
  outformat = "html_document",
  outdir = tempdir(),
  outfile = "taxolist.html"
)
```

Arguments

taxolist	taxolist
genus	only process for specific genus. Default("") implying process all
family	only process for specific family. Default("") implying process all
title	List title you want to print in output header
addsource	boolean If the source tag should be displayed. Default TRUE
mastersource	source string for the master list
duplicatesyn	boolean if synonyms should to displayed in their alphabetical sorted position too. Default TRUE
sourcecol	vector of text color values for each source value
outformat	output format one of "html_document", "word_document", "odt_document", "rtf_document", "pdf_document". Default ("html_document")
outdir	output directory for the document. Default temporary directory.
outfile	output file name. Default ("taxolist.html")

Details

Converts a taxolist to a formatted document in html, pdf or word document making it easy for taxonomist to read through the data

Value

NULL Saves a document file

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mytaxo <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                     "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                     "Myrina ancharia",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa",
                                     "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                     "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                   "Lycaenidae"),
                    "accid" = c(0,1,1,1,0,0,0),
                    "source" = c("itis", "itis", "wiki", "wiki", "itis",
                                   "itis", "itis"),
```

```

                                stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
taxo2doc(mytaxo)
taxo2doc(mytaxo,source="My list")

```

taxo2DwC

Taxolist to Darwin Core (DwC)

Description

Converts a taxolist to Darwin Core format

Usage

```
taxo2DwC(taxolist, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

taxolist	taxolist
verbose	verbose output, Default: TRUE

Details

Converts a taxolist to Darwin Core format

Value

returns a taxonomic list in DwC format

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```

mytaxo <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7),
                    "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
                                    "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
                                    "Pseudonotis humboldti",
                                    "Myrina ancharia",
                                    "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa",
                                    "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
                                    "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
                    "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                  "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
                                  "Lycaenidae"),

```



```

"accid" = c(0,1,1,1,0,0,0),
"source" = c("itis","itis","wiki","wiki","itis",
            "itis","itis"),
stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
mysynlst <- taxo2DwC(mytaxo)

```

taxo2syn

Taxolist to Synonym list

Description

Converts a taxolist to Synonym list with Accepted Names and Synonym columns format

Usage

```

taxo2syn(
  taxolist,
  canonical = "canonical",
  synonym = "synonym",
  duplicate = FALSE,
  sepchar = ", "
)

```

Arguments

taxolist	taxolist
canonical	names column name, Default: 'canonical'
synonym	Synonym column name to be created, Default: 'synonym'
duplicate	If true, duplicate entries are allowed in secondary field
sepchar	Character separator between the data items. Default is comma

Details

Converts a taxolist to synonyms list

Value

returns a synonym list all the names in same column and accepted names linked to synonyms with id and accid fields

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [wiki2taxo\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mytaxo <- data.frame("id" = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7),
  "canonical" = c("Hypochlorosis ancharia",
    "Hypochlorosis tenebrosa",
    "Pseudonotis humboldti",
    "Myrina ancharia",
    "Hypochlorosis ancharia tenebrosa",
    "Hypochlorosis ancharia obiana",
    "Hypochlorosis lorquini"),
  "family" = c("Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
    "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae", "Lycaenidae",
    "Lycaenidae"),
  "accid" = c(0,1,1,1,0,0,0),
  "source" = c("itis", "itis", "wiki", "wiki", "itis",
    "itis", "itis"),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
mysynlst <- taxo2syn(mytaxo)
```

taxo_fuzzy_match	<i>taxo_fuzzy_match</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Fuzzy matching with names

Usage

```
taxo_fuzzy_match(name, master, dist = 2)
```

Arguments

name	Name to search
master	List of names
dist	Distance tolerance, Default: 2

Details

Fuzzy matching with names in the master list and return best match.

Value

Matched name, string distance and original name. Null if not found.

See Also

Other Name functions: [build_gen_syn\(\)](#), [cast_canonical\(\)](#), [cast_scientificname\(\)](#), [check_scientific\(\)](#), [expand_name\(\)](#), [get_accepted_names\(\)](#), [guess_taxo_rank\(\)](#), [list_higher_taxo\(\)](#), [melt_canonical\(\)](#), [melt_scientificname\(\)](#), [resolve_names\(\)](#)

Examples

```
master <- data.frame("canonical" = c("Abrothrix longipilis",
                                   "Acodon hirtus",
                                   "Akodon longipilis apta",
                                   "Akodon longipilis castaneus",
                                   "Chroemys jelskii",
                                   "Acodon jelskii pyrrhotis"),
                    stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
taxo_fuzzy_match("Acodon hirta", master)
```

 wiki2taxo

Wikipedia list to taxo

Description

Converts the output of [list_wiki_syn](#) function to taxolist format of [taxotools](#) package

Usage

```
wiki2taxo(wikisyn)
```

Arguments

wikisyn Wikipedia synonyms list

Details

Output of [list_wiki_syn](#) function has different format than taxolist. This function converts it making sure to add additional fields and maintain the synonym linkages.

Value

taxolist

See Also

Other List functions: [DwC2taxo\(\)](#), [cast_cs_field\(\)](#), [compact_ids\(\)](#), [get_synonyms\(\)](#), [match_lists\(\)](#), [melt_cs_field\(\)](#), [merge_lists\(\)](#), [syn2taxo\(\)](#), [synonymize_subspecies\(\)](#), [taxo2DwC\(\)](#), [taxo2doc\(\)](#), [taxo2syn\(\)](#)

Examples

```
wikilist <- list_wiki_syn("Abrothrix illutea")  
wiki2taxo(wikilist)
```

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