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QUANTUM COMPUTATION Exercise sheet 5

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- 1. More efficient quantum simulation (if you did not already answer this question on the last exercise sheet).
 - (a) Let A and B be Hermitian operators with $||A|| \leq \delta$, $||B|| \leq \delta$ for some $\delta \leq 1$. Show that

 $e^{-iA/2}e^{-iB}e^{-iA/2} = e^{-i(A+B)} + O(\delta^3)$

(this is the so-called *Strang splitting*). Use this to give a more efficient quantum algorithm for simulating k-local Hamiltonians than the algorithm discussed in the lecture, and calculate its complexity.

- (b) Let H be a Hamiltonian which can be written as $H = UDU^{\dagger}$, where U is a unitary matrix that can be implemented by a quantum circuit running in time poly(n), and $D = \sum_{x} d(x)|x\rangle\langle x|$ is a diagonal matrix such that the map $|x\rangle \mapsto e^{-id(x)t}|x\rangle$ can be implemented in time poly(n) for all x. Show that e^{-iHt} can be implemented in time poly(n).
- 2. The amplitude damping channel. The amplitude damping channel \mathcal{E}_{AD} has Kraus operators (with respect to the standard basis)

$$E_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{1-\gamma} \end{pmatrix}, \quad E_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{\gamma} \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

for some γ .

- (a) What is the result of applying the amplitude damping channel to the pure state $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$?
- (b) Show that, when applied to the Pauli matrices $X, Y, Z, \mathcal{E}_{AD}$ rescales each one by a factor depending on γ , and determine what these factors are.
- (c) Hence determine the representation of the amplitude-damping channel as an affine map $v \mapsto Av + b$ on the Bloch sphere.
- (d) What does this channel "look like" geometrically in terms of its effect on the Bloch sphere?

3. General quantum channels.

- (a) Given two channels \mathcal{E}_1 , \mathcal{E}_2 , with Kraus operators $\{E_k^{(1)}\}$, $\{E_k^{(2)}\}$, what is the Kraus representation of the composite channel $\mathcal{E}_2 \circ \mathcal{E}_1$ which is formed by first applying \mathcal{E}_1 , then applying \mathcal{E}_2 ?
- (b) Determine a Kraus representation for the channel Tr which maps $\rho \mapsto \operatorname{tr} \rho$ for a mixed quantum state ρ in d dimensions.
- (c) Let \mathcal{E} and \mathcal{F} be quantum channels with d Kraus operators each, E_k and F_k (respectively), such that for all j, $F_j = \sum_{k=1}^d U_{jk} E_k$ for some unitary matrix U. Show that \mathcal{E} and \mathcal{F} are actually the same quantum channel.